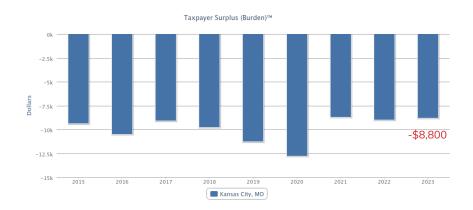
FINANCIAL STATE OF KANSAS CITY, MO



\$1.6 billion
MONEY NEEDED TO PAY BILLS

\$8,800 Taxpayer Burden™

Kansas City's financial condition worsened. Based on our analysis of its audited financial report for fiscal year 2023, its financial hole deepened with a need for \$1.6 billion to cover its bills. This created a Taxpayer Burden[™] of \$8,800, earning the city a "D" grade from Truth in Accounting and solidifying its status as a Sinkhole City.



Kansas City reported an operating surplus, but rising unfunded pension liabilities caused a reduction in its available funds. Two of the city's three pension systems faced financial strain due to unrealized investment losses and actuarial adjustments, including revised salary growth projections and updated mortality rates. These changes increased long-term pension costs, putting pressure on the city's budget.

Despite fiscal pressures, Kansas City benefited from the NFL Draft, generating a \$164.3 million economic impact, including \$108.8 million in direct spending and \$55.5 million in indirect contributions. The event boosted businesses, tourism, and jobs, strengthening the local economy. However, balancing economic growth with sustainable financial planning remains essential for the city's long-term fiscal stability.

February 2025

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The data included in this report is derived from Kansas City, MO's 2023 audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and retirement plans' reports. To compare prior years and other states' and cities' financial, demographic, and economic information, go to Data-Z.org.

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FINANCIAL STATE OF KANSAS CITY, MO

D FINANCIAL GRADE 57 out of 75 RANKING

FINANCIAL FACTS

- Kansas City, MO, had \$2.4 billion available to pay \$4 billion worth of bills.
- The outcome was a \$1.6 billion shortfall, which breaks down to a burden of \$8,800 per taxpayer.
- Kansas City's operating surplus was offset by rising pension liabilities, while the NFL Draft boosted the economy.

The City's Bills Exceeded Its Assets

Total Assets	\$11,988,336,000
Minus: Capital Assets	-\$8,641,711,000
Restricted Assets	-\$929,041,000
Assets Available to Pay Bills	\$2,417,584,000
Minus: Total Bills*	-\$4,005,716,000
Money needed to pay bills	\$1,588,132,000
Each taxpayer's share of this burden	\$8,800

*Breakdown of Total Bills

\$4,694,297,000
\$1,764,823,000
-\$3,821,952,000
\$1,246,141,000
\$122,407,000
\$4,005,716,000

Grade: Bottom line:

D

Kansas City, MO, would need \$8,800 from each of its taxpayers to pay all of its outstanding bills and received a "D" grade for its finances. According to Truth in Accounting's grading scale, any government with a Taxpayer Burden between \$5,000 and \$20,000 is given a "D" grade.

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